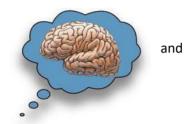


Your SIL for A Level PE has 3 parts.

Task 1 – Metacognition and Retrieval - This links into the metacognition and revision strategies that you will have been made aware of during your first year at college. It focuses on Exam style questions taken from the specification and will help you prepare for your progression exam in September. There are 2 questions in here which are preview questions and require a little more thought (ie. topics you will cover in September) and require you to research first.

Replay the metacognition videos listed on Cedar to remind yourself of the key content processes associated with metacognition. It is essential that you are familiar with the 'retrieval practice' clip as this is what you will be focusing on in task 1.



Retrieval practice · https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wrDOoBuP9A8&t=28s

<u>Task 2 – This is the Preview section.</u> This links into the topics you will be looking at in September. In Paper 1 of your OCR A Level PE Specification you must answer a 20 mark question which links two topics together. This will be our main focus in September, and this will enable you to prepare for September and gain some experience prior to us covering it.

https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/234833-specification-accredited-a-level-gce-physical-education-h555.pdf

Task 3 – Expanding your Subject Knowledge. This section is designed to develop your understanding of sporting context and recent challenges in the sporting world.







Choose 2 Options from the lists and write a report (minimum 1 xA4 on each) which; (A01) Describes an overview of the Video/Book (A02) Explains the relationship between the video/book and you're a Level PE Specification including topics from your Programme of Study (A03) Analyses the video/book and discuss your opinion and conclusion Tick the boxes of the ones you are completing. Feel free to watch as many as you want if you have time



1.A football player will use their knee joint and the quadriceps group of muscles to perform a powerful clearance kick.

Identify **one** of the quadriceps muscles and the type of synovial joint at the knee.

Outline the functional role and type of contraction in the quadriceps muscle during the preparation and execution of the kick.

Physical Education (A level)

Y12 Summer Independent Learning

Chris Davies

Please note that you may see slight differences between this paper and the original.

Candidates answer on the Question paper.

OCR supplied materials:

Additional resources may be supplied with this paper.

Other materials required:

- Pencil
- Ruler (cm/mm)





Duration: Approximately 2 hours





	Candidate forename				Candidate surname			
Centre number				Candidate	number			

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- · Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions, unless your teacher tells you otherwise.



Part 1

1(a).

Fig. 1.1 shows an acrobatic movement in gymnastics.



Fig. 1.1

i. Complete the table below to identify the movement and agonist muscle at the left and right hip during this skill. (4)

	Movement	Agonist
Left hip		
Right hip		

- ii. Classify this skill......(1)
- iii. Fig. 1.2 shows a discus thrower in action.



Fig. 1.2

Identify the predominant muscle fibre type used by the discus thrower to achieve maximum distance.



	iv.	Explain how the function of this fibre type suits the performance of a discus throw.
(b).	i.	Describe the nervous stimulation of a motor unit.
	ii.	Describe the frontal and sagittal planes of movement and give a sporting example for each. Frontal
		Sagittal

[2]

[2]



Explain the cardiac cycle of the heart using the following key terms:

(c).

ii.

breathing causes this to happen.

Atrial systole Ventricular systole

	•	Diastole	
			[3]
(d).	An a	thlete has a tidal volume of 0.5 litres and a breathing frequency of 12 breaths per minute).
	i.	Calculate the athlete's minute ventilation using these values. Show your workings.	
			[2]

During a 5000 metre race, the athlete's tidal volume increases. Explain how neural control of



2(a).	Describe intermittent hypoxic training (IHT). Outline one benefit and one risk of intermittent hypoxic training.

- (b). An elite marathon runner will have a very high VO₂ max.
 - i. Describe how age and gender can affect VO_2 max.

ii. Evaluate the importance of a high VO₂ max for an elite footballer.

[4]

[2]



(c).	 A gymnast is e 	encouraged to follow	a healthy, balanced	diet by his coach.
		3 7	9	<i>y</i> ,	,

i.	Explain how carbohydrates,	vitamins and fibre	e in the gymnast	s diet support	training and
	performance.				

ii. Assess the possible long term effects on the gymnast if he regularly follows a diet that is high in fat and low in proteins.

(d). The three phases of training are named below. Outline what is meant by each phase, and, using sporting examples, describe a specific objective for each phase.

Preparatory

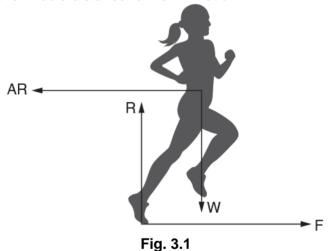
[3]

[2]

Competitive

Transition

3(a). Fig. 3.1 shows a diagram of a middle distance runner in motion.



- i. Which one of the following is true?
 Put a tick (✓) in the box next to the correct answer.
 - **A.** The sprinter is accelerating.
 - **B.** The sprinter is at constant velocity.
 - **C.** The sprinter is decelerating.
 - **D.** The motion of the sprinter cannot be identified.

[6]

(1)

iii. Give **one** reason for your answer in (i).



(b).	State	which of Newton's laws of motion is most applicable to each of the following statements.
	i.	The long jumper who produces the greatest muscular force will have the greatest change in momentum.
		[**
	ii.	A sprinter at rest in the blocks must apply a large enough force to the blocks to overcome their weight.
		Ţ.
	iii.	A speed skater achieves constant velocity as they travel round the track.
		[

A sprinter generates momentum. They have a mass of 70 kg and run at a velocity of 10 m/s.

Define and calculate the sprinter's momentum, showing your workings.

(c).

i.

[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]



	ii. At	what velocity	v must a 100 k	g athlete run	to have the	same mome	ntum as calcula	ated above?
								[1]
(d).	Describe three fac	how the for	ce of weight ng air resistar	acts on a sp	oorting body	y. Using exa	mples from sp	oort explain
								[5]
(e).	i. Sk	etch a secon	d class lever s	system in the	box below,	and identify t	he effort arm a	nd load arm.

Describe a sporting example of a second class lever system in the human body.

ii.



iii. Explain why a second class lever has a mechanical advantage.

[2]



Jogging is a very popular aerobic sporting activity as part of a healthy lifestyle.

Explain the immediate effects of jogging on the vascular system, and evaluate the impact of regular training on lifestyle diseases of the cardiovascular system.





		112 A Level Physical Education Summer independent Learning Activity
1(a).		
		g practical examples from sport, explain how operant conditioning affects the learning of r skills.
		[4]
(b).	i.	Define the terms 'positive transfer' and 'negative transfer' in relation to the learning of skills. (2) Positive transfer
		Negative transfer
	V.	Using practical examples from sport, explain ways a coach could optimise the effects of positive transfer. (2)
(c).	i.	State two ways in which a coach could help a performer who is in the cognitive stage of learning move on to the associative stage of learning. (2)



ii.	Using practical examples from sport, explain how a performer might know that they have moved
	on from the associative stage to the autonomous stage of learning. (3)

(d).	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using intrinsic and extrinsic feedback when
	performing skills in sport.

[6]

2(a).

Using an example from sport or physical activity, describe the **three** components of attitude.



[6]

[4]

Y12 A Level Physical Education Summer Independent Learning Activity

(b).	i.	What is meant by 'social inhibition' during sports performance? (1)
	ii.	Describe three strategies a performer could use to minimise social inhibition. (3)
(c).	Evalu	ate trait and social learning theories of personality formation.
(d).	i	Identify three reasons why a sports performer may set goals (3)



ii.	Successful a	oal setting	includes	goals that are	e specific and	recorded.
	Cacceciai g	our country	II IOIGGOO	godio triat ar	o opodino ana	i occi aca.

Using a sporting example, explain the **three other** elements of the SMART principle of goal setting.**(3)**

3(a).

i. 19th century public schools are said to have influenced the development of sport through the 'cult' of athleticism.

What is meant by 'cult' of athleticism? (1)

ii. Describe **three** ways in which former public school boys exported and spread sports from the public schools at home and abroad. **(3)**

(b). Sport England has measured the changes in participation in sport and physical activity over a ten year period.

Fig. 1 shows the percentage of men and women aged 16 years and over participating in sport and physical activity once a week.

Year	% participation by men	% participation by women	
2005/6	39.4	30.1	
2008/9	41.8	31.5	



		<u> </u>
2012/13	41.4	31.9
2015/16	40.5	31.9

Fig. 1

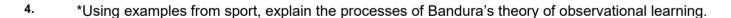
Referring to the data shown in Fig. 1, analyse possible reasons for the changes in participation rates over this time period.

(c). Describe how law and order has shaped the characteristics of sport in the 21st century.

[6]



(d).	Explain how the Olympic Games of 1936 in Berlin and 1968 in Mexico City were exploited for political reasons.				
		[6]			



Evaluate the use of extrinsic and intrinsic motivation when learning motor skills.

[10]





Preview - 20 Mark Questions

Complete the 3 x 20 Mark Exam questions below. These will link in to the start of your Year 13 course where we will look at the structure and organisation of extended answer responses.

You should aim to write at least 1 side of A4 Paper on each Question

1. Define the term flexibility.

Using examples, explain factors that can affect the flexibility of a performer in sport.

Critically evaluate different types of training used to develop flexibility. (20 Marks)

2. Explain factors that affect explosive strength.

Devise a six week training programme to improve explosive strength.

Explain how the programme would improve health and fitness. (20 Marks)

3. An elite marathon runner will have a very high aerobic capacity.

Explain how the aerobic system provides energy during a marathon and how cardiovascular adaptations as a result of an aerobic training programme can enhance aerobic capacity. (20 Marks)



Expanding Your Subject Knowledge Activity

OCR A LEVEL PHYSICAL EDUCATION DEVELOP YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF SPORTING CONTEXT IN PREPARATION FOR YOUR 2 YEAR COURSE







Books to Read

The English Game (Sport and Society) Unstoppable (Sport Psychology) Icarus (Drugs/Performance) Stop at Nothing (Doping in Sport) Coach Carter (Sport Psychology) The Game Changers (Diet and Nutrition) Supersize Me (Diet and Nutrition) Blindside (American Football) Last Chance U (American Football) The Last Dance (Michael Jordan) (Adversity in Sport)

Moneyball

Formula 1 Drive to Survive

All or Nothing Manchester City Subscribe to the Body Coach (Joe Wicks) (Types of Training/Nutrition) All or Nothing Kobe Bryant Black Mamba Doc New Zealand All Blacks This is Football Being Serena Series 4 Minute Mile "Is Professionalism Killing Sport" **BBC Documentary** The Program The Psychology of a Winner 2020 Documentary (Lance Armstrong) Andy Murray - Resurfacing Trent Alexander Arnold (Injury Rehabilitation) Living the Dream Dan Carter - Perfect 1 Road to Redemption The Unknown Runner Crossing The Line Australian Cricket The Race to Dope Jurgen Klopp Journey to Top (Doping System in Sport Muscle and Medals Strive for Greatness Lebron James

Keep up to date with all the latest news in the world of sport, there is always something happening that links to the course.....

Shoe Dog - Phil Knight History/Story of Nike

Bounce - Matthew Syed Neuroscience/Psychology

> Black box thinking Matthew Syed Psychology

Unbeatable - Jessica Ennis

No Limits - Michael Phelps

My Time- Bradley Wiggins

Between the lines -Victoria Pendleton

Legacy - James Kerr All Blacks (New Zealand Rugby)

The Secret Race -Tyler Hamilton and Daniel Coyle Drags/Energy Systems/Deviance

Choose 2 from the lists above and write a report (minimum 1 xA4 for each) which;

{A01) Describes an overview of the Video/Book

{A02) Explains the relationship between the video/book and your OCR A level PE Specification

(A03) Analyses the video/book and discuss your opinion and conclusion

Tick the boxes of the ones you are completing. Feel free to watch as many as you want if you have time